General overview about the planetary boundary concept

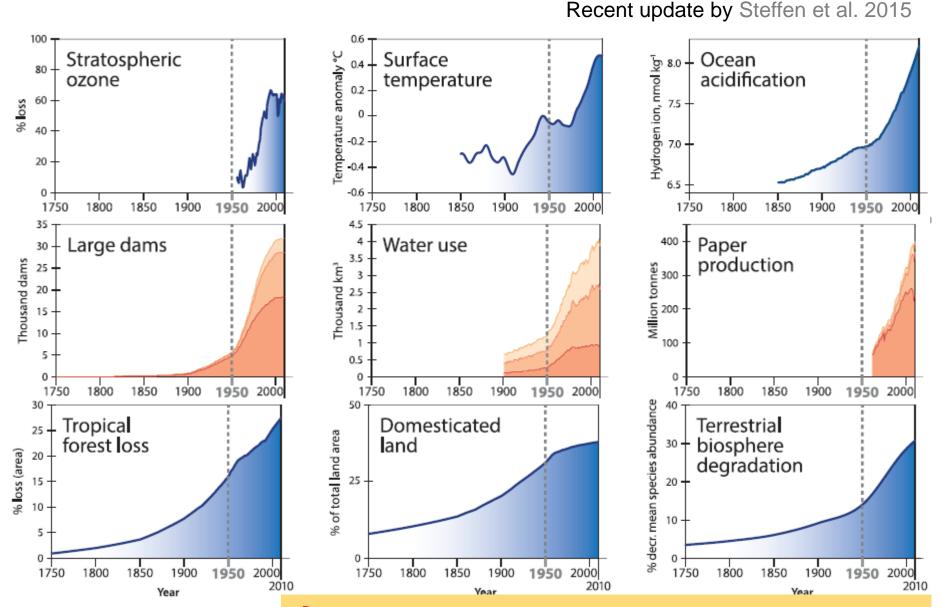
and its recent update

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Features of the Anthropocene



Where to put a cap on these developments?

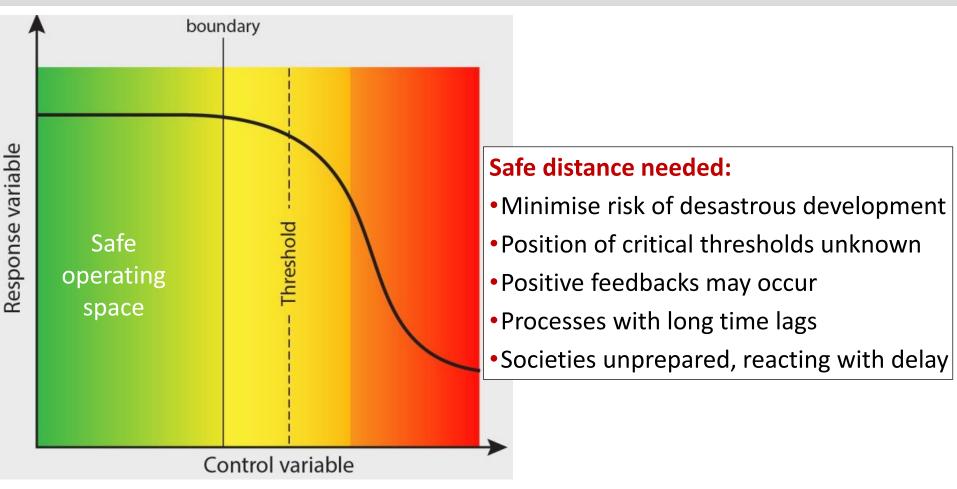
The concept of "planetary boundaries" (PBs)

For nine interacting earth system processes PBs were identified, demarcating the Holocene state of the Earth system:

Climate change | Stratospheric ozone depletion | Atmospheric aerosol loading Ocean acidification | Biogeochemical flows | Chemical pollution Land use change | Biodiversity loss | Freshwater use

- Holocene is regarded as a safe operating space within which human civilization could develop and which therefore should not be left
- PBs point to the risks of leaving the safe space, applying the precautionary principle (normative)

The concept of the "safe operating space"

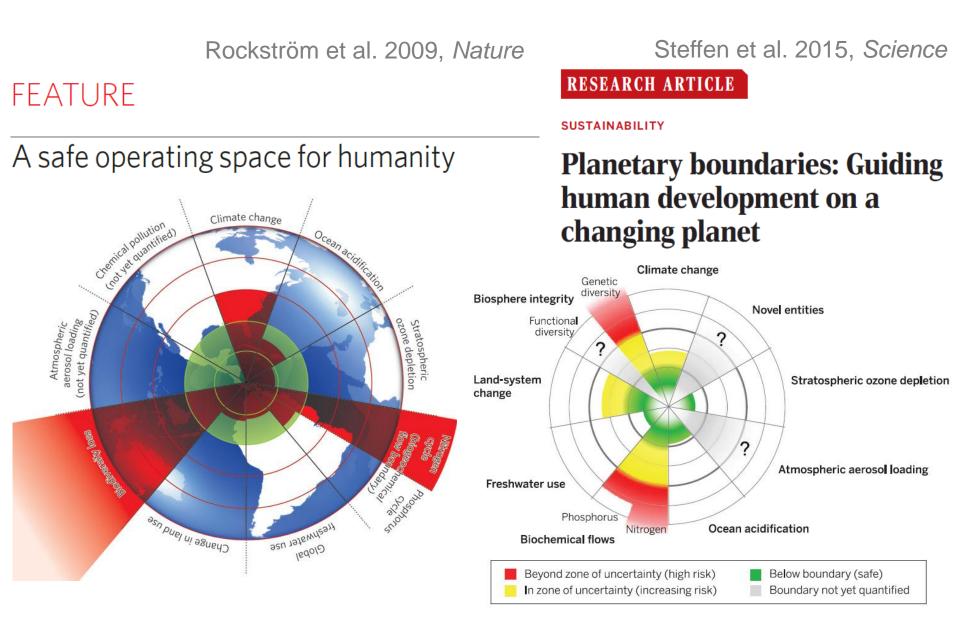


Safe operating space

Zone of uncertainty: Increasing risk of impacts

Dangerous level: High risk of serious impacts

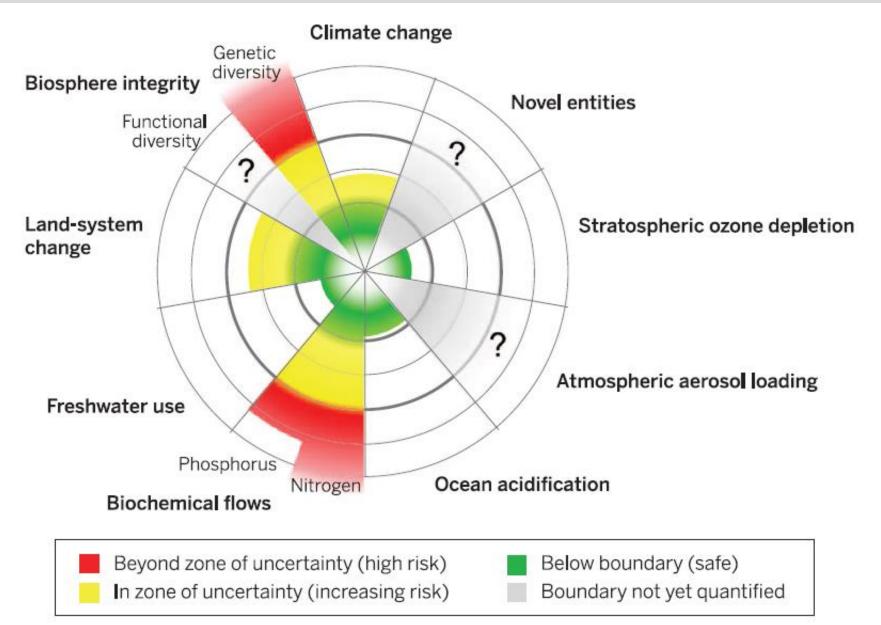
Original and updated PB definition and status



What's new?

- Definitions revised and uncertainties reduced based on new science
- Initial downscaling, i.e. spatial mapping of some PBs
 → regional boundaries
- Stronger emphasis on risk-based approach
- Four (not three) PBs transgressed already

Four PBs transgressed already



Steffen et al. 2015

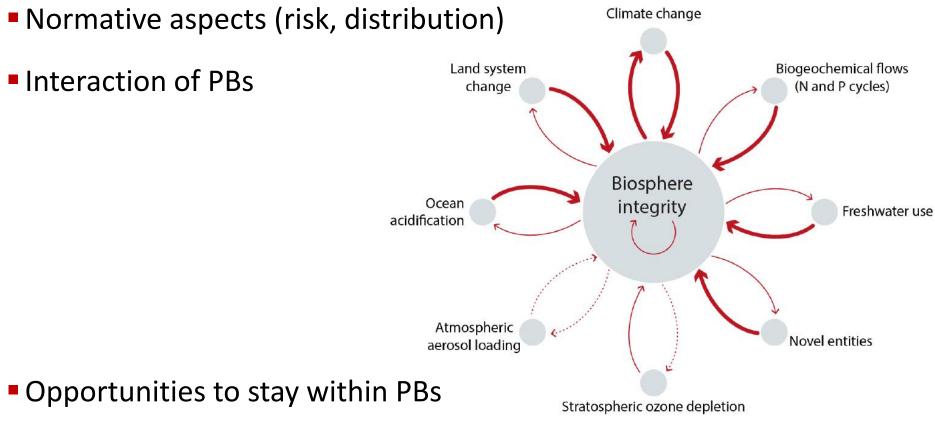
Four PBs already transgressed

Earth system process (and control variable)	PB (±uncertainty)	Current status
Climate change (atm. CO ₂ concentration)	350(-450) ppm	399 ppm
Change in biosphere integrity (extinction rate)	<10(-100) E/MSY	100-1000 E/MSY
Land-system change (fraction of original forest land)	75(-54)%	62%
Biogeochemical flows (P flow into oceans, intentional N fixation)	11(-100) Tg P yr ⁻¹ 62(-82) Tg N yr ⁻¹	22 Tg P yr ⁻¹ 150 Tg N yr ⁻¹

+ Widespread transgression of *regional boundaries* (e.g. freshwater use)

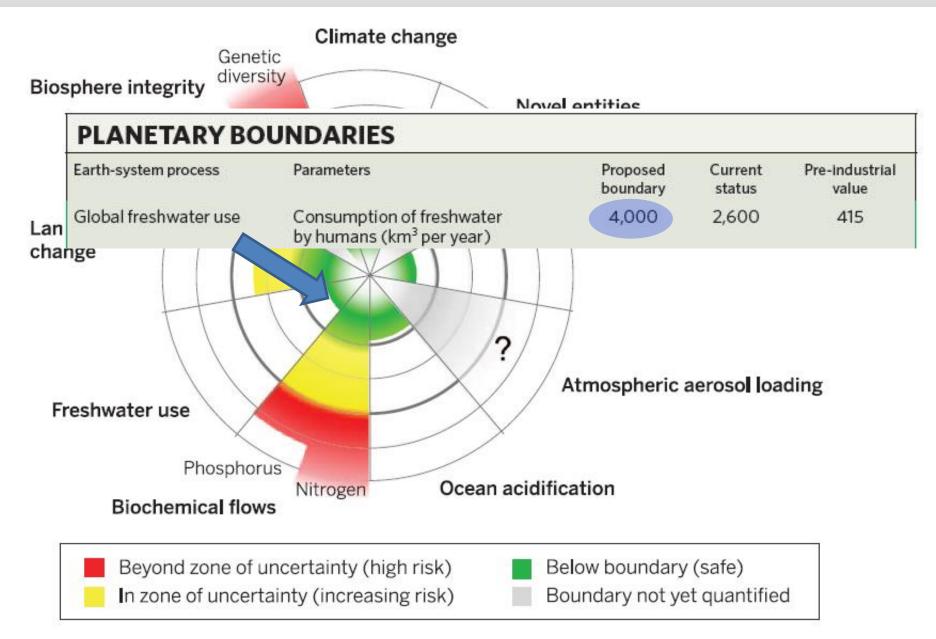
PB definition and quantification ongoing...

- PB positions, and consequences of transgressions
- Spatial "upscaling" and "downscaling" of PBs



Operationalisation of PBs

Refining the PB for freshwater use



Original top-down calculation of freshwater PB

Global discharge = maximum available freshwater:

→ Minus <u>inaccessible flow</u> (69%): remainder

40,700 km³ yr⁻¹

12,500 km³ yr⁻¹

(±1,000 km³ yr⁻¹)

- → Minus <u>environmental flow requirements</u> (30%) & volumes to <u>avoid water stress</u> (30%): remainder 5,000 km³ yr⁻¹
- \rightarrow Apply lower end of an <u>uncertainty</u> range

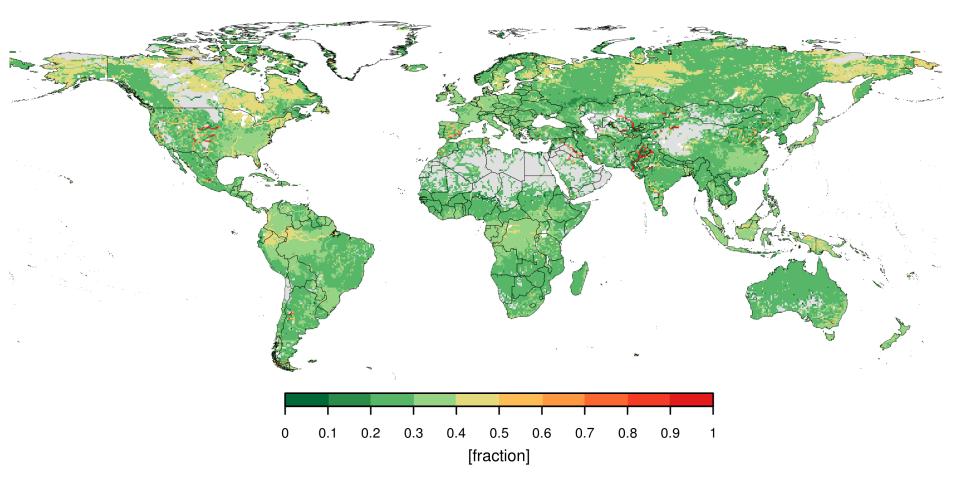
→ PB = 4,000 km³ yr⁻¹

Rockström et al. 2009 Postel et al. 1996

Towards a bottom-up calculation

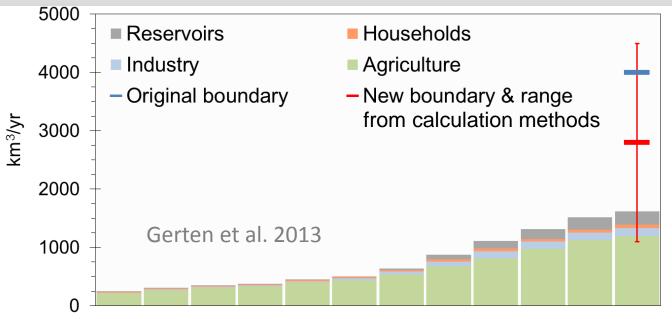
Simulated environmental flow requirements

(fraction of river flow, average of five methods)



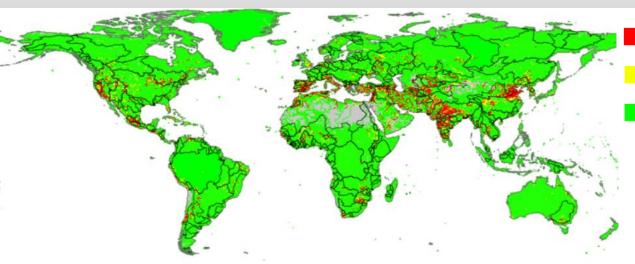
Gerten et al. 2013

Freshwater PB may be lower than thought



1900 1910 1920 1930 1940 1950 1960 1970 1980 1990 2000 2010

Regional boundary crossed in many places



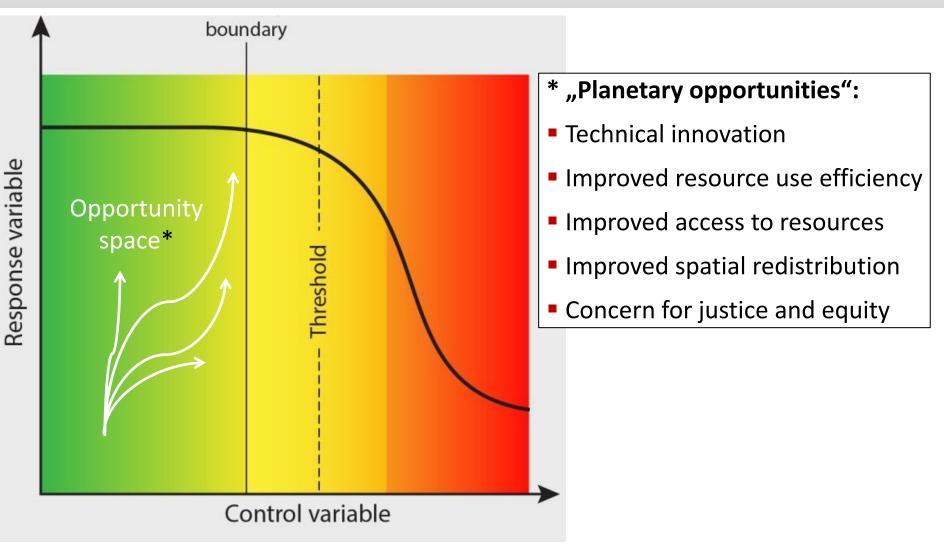
Beyond zone of uncertainty (high risk)

In zone of uncertainty (increasing risk)

Below boundary (safe)

Steffen et al. 2015

PBs as a chance for transformation





Efficient water use: a planetary opportunity

Upgrade of irrigation systems

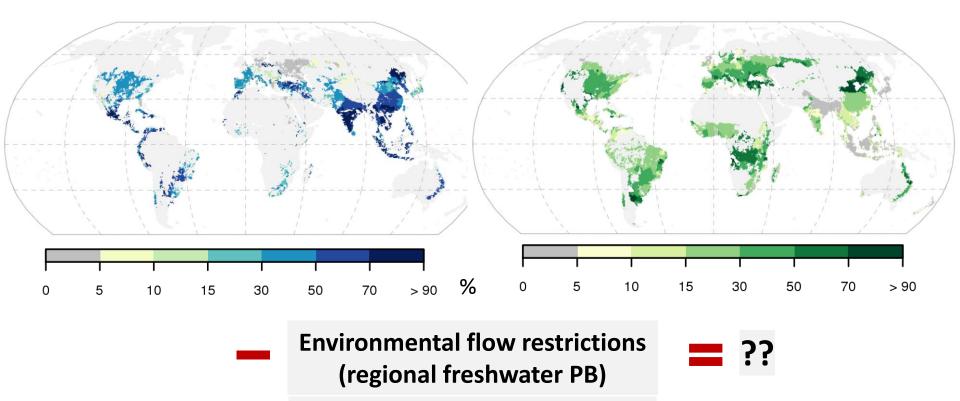
(surface replaced by sprinkler irrigation, irrigated area expanded with saved water)

→ Global yield increase: **48%**

Upgrade of rainfed systems

(50% runoff water harvested,50% unproductive evaporation avoided)

→ Global yield increase: 29%



J. Jägermeyr (PIK), in prep. Available cropland (land-system & biosphere PB)

Our activities



Flagship Activity "Planetary Opportunities & Planetary Boundaries" at PIK

> Planetary Boundaries Research Network (PB.Net) at PIK & SRC





Project "Planetare Grenzen – Anforderungen an die Wissenschaft, Zivilgesellschaft & Politik " *at adelphi & PIK; funded by BMUB/UBA*



Project "Planetary Boundaries – Challenges for Science, Civil Society and Policy"

Topics of research and advice:

- 1) Identify entry points (new policies, revision thereof) for PB concept in Germany (e.g. new integrated environment program, national sustainability strategy)
- 2) Co-produce relevant knowledge between science, policy and decision-makers
- 3) Integrate PBs with local to national environmental targets and policies
- 4) Thus support vertical (across scales) and horizontal integration (across sectors)
- 5) Use "safe space" for **positive framing**: opportunities for sustainable co-transitions

A conclusion

PB concept now comprehensively updated

But quantification and refinements still in progress

(Concepts for) operationalization in place for some countries and also companies

PBs being recognized as a scientific basis (and communication tool) for integrated sustainability/cotransformation policies across sectors/scales

> Thank you for your attention!