

20. Diskussionsforum Ökobilanzen, 19. September 2003
ETH Zürich / Session „Nicht-erneuerbare Energieträger“

Nuclear

Roberto Dones

Paul Scherrer Institut, Villigen, www.psi.ch/gabe

roberto.dones@psi.ch

Folie 1

Presentation: Roberto Dones



Schweizer Zentrum
für Ökoinventare

Eine gemeinsame Initiative
des ETH-Bereichs
und Schweizerischer
Bundesämter



Summary

- Products & Boundaries of the nuclear chains
- Main differences with Ökoinventare 1996
- Key Assumptions
- Selected Results

Folie 2

Presentation: Roberto Dones

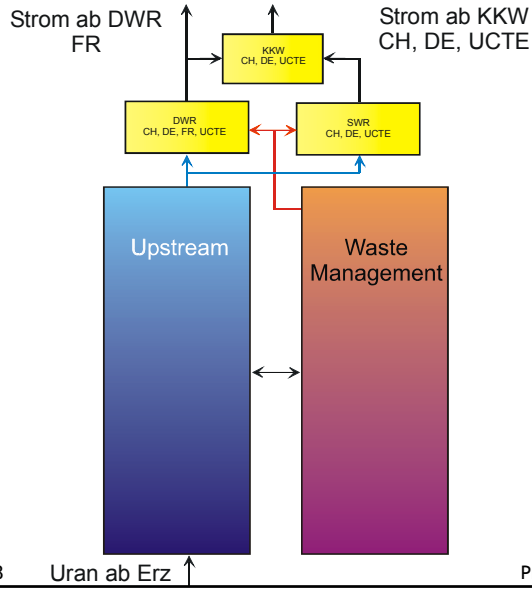


Schweizer Zentrum
für Ökoinventare

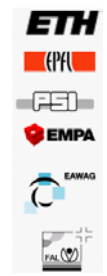
Eine gemeinsame Initiative
des ETH-Bereichs
und Schweizerischer
Bundesämter



Products & Boundaries



Schweizer Zentrum für Ökoinventare
Eine gemeinsame Initiative des ETH-Bereichs und Schweizerischer Bundesämter

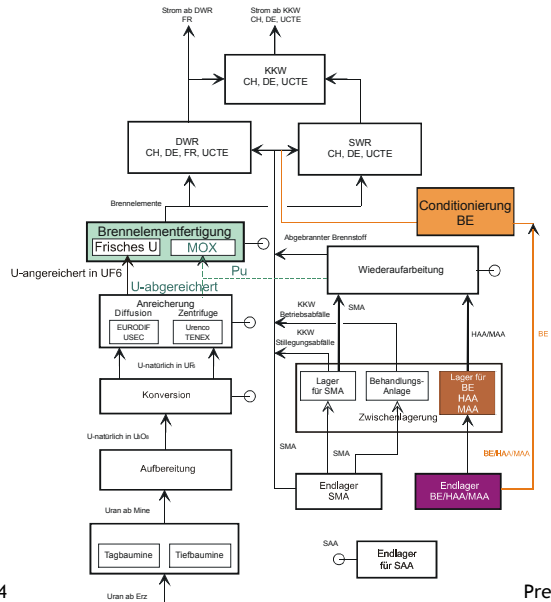


Folie 3

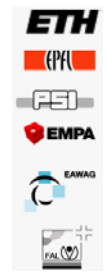
Presentation: Roberto Dones



Nuclear Chain: what's new in ecoinvent



Schweizer Zentrum für Ökoinventare
Eine gemeinsame Initiative des ETH-Bereichs und Schweizerischer Bundesämter



Folie 4

Presentation: Roberto Dones



Progress from Ökoinventare 1996



- Modelling of MOX fuels (Mixed Oxides of recycled Pu & depleted U): country and/or type (BWR/PWR) specific shares of MOX vs. fresh U fuel, estimated considering the entire lifetime of plants.
- Consideration of Conditioning of Spent Fuel (SF) (encapsulation w/o reprocessing) besides reprocessing;
Assumed shares for the modeled chains:

CH	Reprocessed SF	40%	Conditioned SF	60%
DE		40%		60%
FR		100%		
UCTE		-80%		-20%
- New model for the Repository of Highly Radioactive Waste (Opalinus Clay Repository) for the Swiss nuclear energy scenario of 192 GWyear, using the new waste composition from Nagra (2002)

Schweizer Zentrum für Ökoinventare
Eine gemeinsame Initiative des ETH-Bereichs und Schweizerischer Bundesämter



Folie 5

Presentation: Roberto Dones



Other changes from Ökoinventare 1996



- Updated long-term emissions of radon Rn-222 from U mill tailings, from recent literature (again integrated over 80'000 years).
- Increase of average U-enrichment for fuel elements; detailed data available for spent fuel elements discharged from CH power plants in 2000-2002, and current averages for DE and FR.
- Updated detailed radioactive emission species to air and water from West European nuclear power plants, averaged over 1995-1999.
- Higher net efficiency of power plants (from 31% to 32%-33%)
- Recent data for La Hague (FR) reprocessing plant used: Radioactive emissions to air and water (only classes available), requirement of chemicals, non-radioactive solid wastes.
- Higher (+ 60%) total volume of High Level radWaste and lower (- 50%) volumes of Low & Intermediate Level radWaste (including other origins) for the latest CH nuclear energy scenario.

Schweizer Zentrum für Ökoinventare
Eine gemeinsame Initiative des ETH-Bereichs und Schweizerischer Bundesämter



Folie 6

Presentation: Roberto Dones



Key Assumptions - I



Schweizer Zentrum
für Ökoinventare
Eine gemeinsame Initiative
des ETH-Bereichs
und Schweizerischer
Bundesämter

Key Parameters		PWR				BWR		
		CH	DE	FR	UCTE	CH	DE	UCTE
Nuclear Power Plant								
Average enrichment fresh U fuel	%	4.2	4.0	3.8	3.9	3.8	4.0	4.0
Average Burn-up	MW _{th,d} / kgU	53	50	42.8	45	48.6	48	48
Net efficiency		0.32	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.32	0.33	0.33
Assumed share energy from MOX	%	8	15	10	13	0	10	8

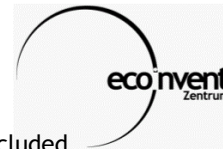


Folie 7

Presentation: Roberto Dones



Key Assumptions - II



Schweizer Zentrum
für Ökoinventare
Eine gemeinsame Initiative
des ETH-Bereichs
und Schweizerischer
Bundesämter

- Long term emissions to groundwater from U mill tailings not included (model/information not available);
- Chemical U mining not included.
- Two different commercial technologies (diffusion and centrifuge) with four different facilities modelled for Enrichment; country specific relative shares of enrichment services derived from the literature.
- Current burn-up of fuel assumed representative for the entire lifetime of the facilities (past: lower values; future: possible further increase).
- - For the definition of the CED of U fuel, the herewith modelled best performing chain has been considered as reference;
 - MOX fuel assumed free of upstream burdens, but reprocessing's;
 - Fuel from Highly Enriched Uranium from dismantled warheads & depleted U from enrichment considered as fresh U enriched to suitable grade (< 5%), i.e. no bonus.



Folie 8

Presentation: Roberto Dones



Selected Inventory Results

Example for PWR CH



Name	Location Unit	Unit	electricity, nuclear, at boiling water reactor	electricity, nuclear, at power plant pressure water reactor	electricity, nuclear, at power plant	electricity, nuclear, at power plant	electricity, nuclear, at power plant pressure water reactor	electricity, nuclear, at power plant	
			CH kWh	CH kWh	CH kWh	DE kWh	FR kWh	UCTE kWh	
resource Land occupation	total	m2a	6.39E-03	5.77E-03	6.04E-03	5.53E-03	6.20E-03	5.89E-03	
air Carbon dioxide, fossil	total	kg	1.09E-02	5.14E-03	7.75E-03	9.99E-03	5.89E-03	7.65E-03	
air NMVOC	total	kg	8.54E-06	7.78E-06	8.12E-06	7.60E-06	8.77E-06	8.33E-06	
air Nitrogen oxides	total	kg	4.65E-05	3.34E-05	3.93E-05	4.04E-05	3.88E-05	3.97E-05	
air Sulphur dioxide	total	kg	6.09E-05	2.25E-05	3.97E-05	5.03E-05	2.62E-05	3.71E-05	
air Particulates, < 2.5 um	total	kg	7.19E-06	5.38E-06	6.20E-06	6.33E-06	6.24E-06	6.34E-06	
water BOD	total	kg	1.46E-05	1.35E-05	1.40E-05	1.32E-05	1.60E-05	1.52E-05	
soil Cadmium	total	kg	2.15E-11	2.02E-11	2.08E-11	1.89E-11	2.21E-11	2.07E-11	
Further LO results									
air Radon-222	low population density	kBq	1.79E+01	1.69E+01	1.74E+01	1.56E+01	1.81E+01	1.70E+01	
air Radon-222	low population density, long-term	kBq	7.52E+02	7.10E+02	7.29E+02	6.53E+02	7.59E+02	7.12E+02	
air Carbon-14	low population density	kBq	6.62E-02	2.51E-02	4.36E-02	1.75E-02	5.09E-02	3.74E-02	
air Particulates, > 2.5 um, and < 10um	total	kg	7.17E-06	6.16E-06	6.61E-06	6.46E-06	7.37E-06	6.99E-06	
air Particulates, > 10 um	total	kg	2.00E-05	1.28E-05	1.60E-05	1.76E-05	1.46E-05	1.57E-05	
air Ammonia	total	kg	6.30E-06	5.92E-06	6.09E-06	5.50E-06	6.40E-06	6.01E-06	
air Chromium	total	kg	1.04E-07	1.10E-07	1.07E-07	1.03E-07	1.23E-07	1.14E-07	
water Arsenic, ion	river, ocean, unspecified	kg	3.75E-08	1.80E-08	2.68E-08	3.16E-08	1.95E-08	2.40E-08	
water Arsenic, ion	ground-, long-term	kg	9.72E-11	7.53E-11	8.52E-11	8.51E-11	8.48E-11	8.51E-11	
water Zinc, ion	river, ocean, unspecified	kg	9.12E-06	1.34E-06	4.84E-06	7.65E-06	1.54E-06	3.81E-06	
water Zinc, ion	ground-, long-term	kg	3.72E-08	3.10E-08	3.38E-08	3.56E-08	3.84E-08	3.89E-08	
resource low-active radioactive waste volume occupied, final repository for	in ground	m3	6.20E-08	3.49E-08	4.71E-08	4.36E-08	4.95E-08	4.50E-08	
resource radioactive waste	in ground	m3	8.75E-09	8.10E-09	8.39E-09	8.18E-09	1.37E-08	1.15E-08	

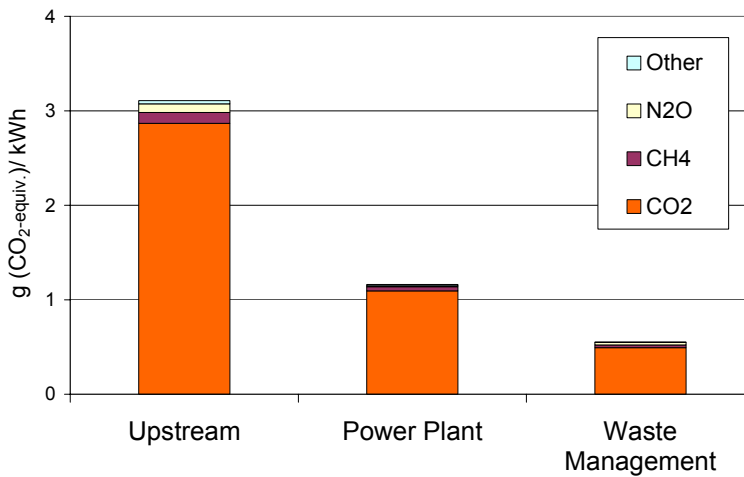
Schweizer Zentrum für Ökoinventare

Eine gemeinsame Initiative des ETH-Bereichs und Schweizerischer Bundesämter



Greenhouse Gas GWP 100 a (ICPP 2001)

Example for PWR CH

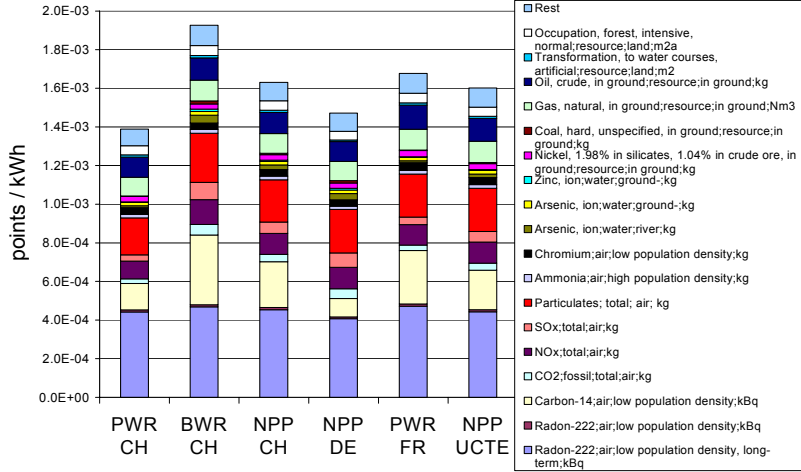
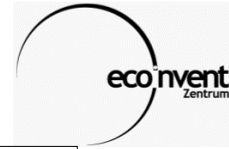


Schweizer Zentrum für Ökoinventare

Eine gemeinsame Initiative des ETH-Bereichs und Schweizerischer Bundesämter



Example of LCIA: EI 99 (H,A)



Electricity, at nuclear power plant

Schweizer Zentrum für Ökoinventare

Eine gemeinsame Initiative des ETH-Bereichs und Schweizerischer Bundesämter

