

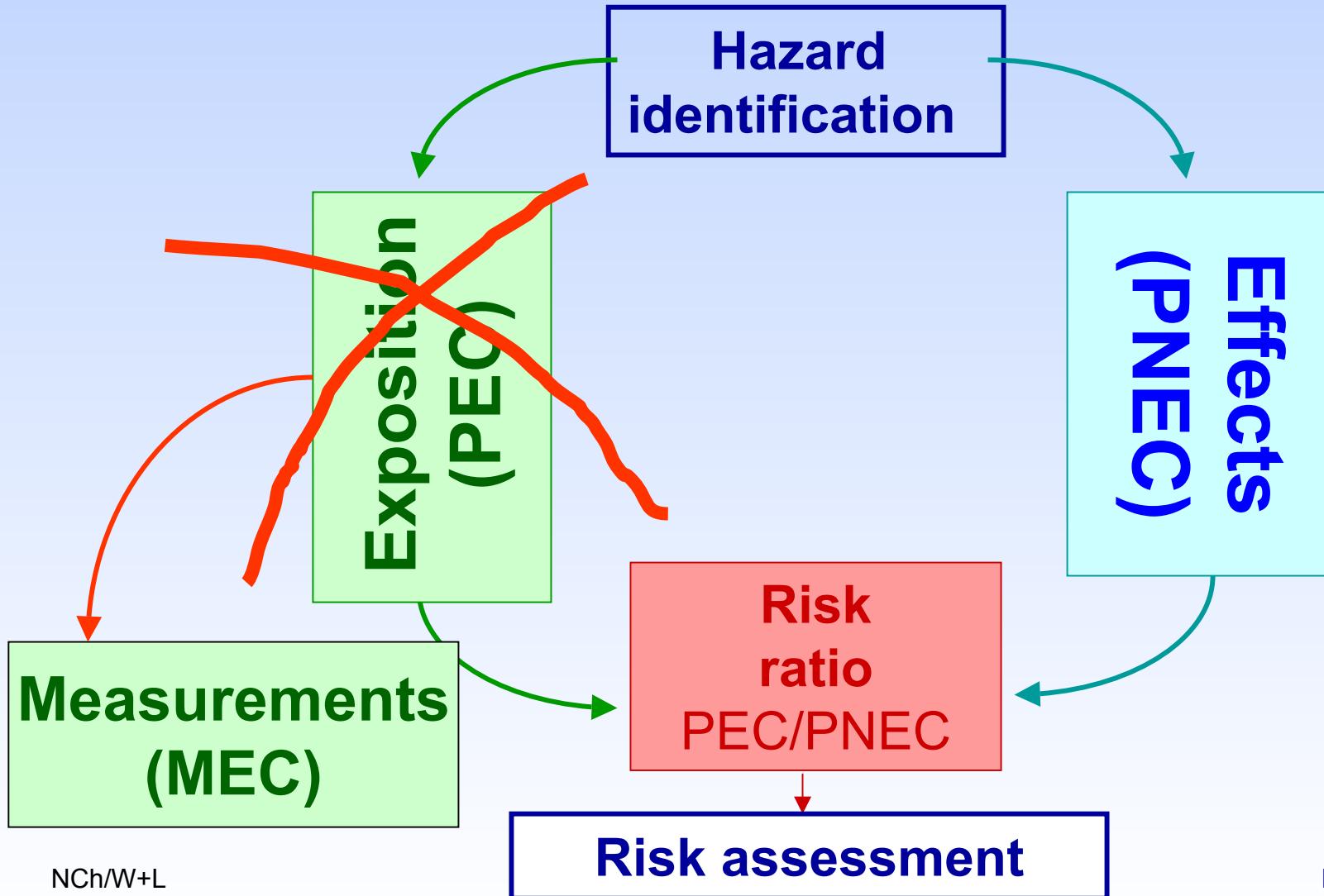
19th Discussion Forum on LCA, 27 March 2003

Risk assessment of pesticides in rivers for single substances and mixtures

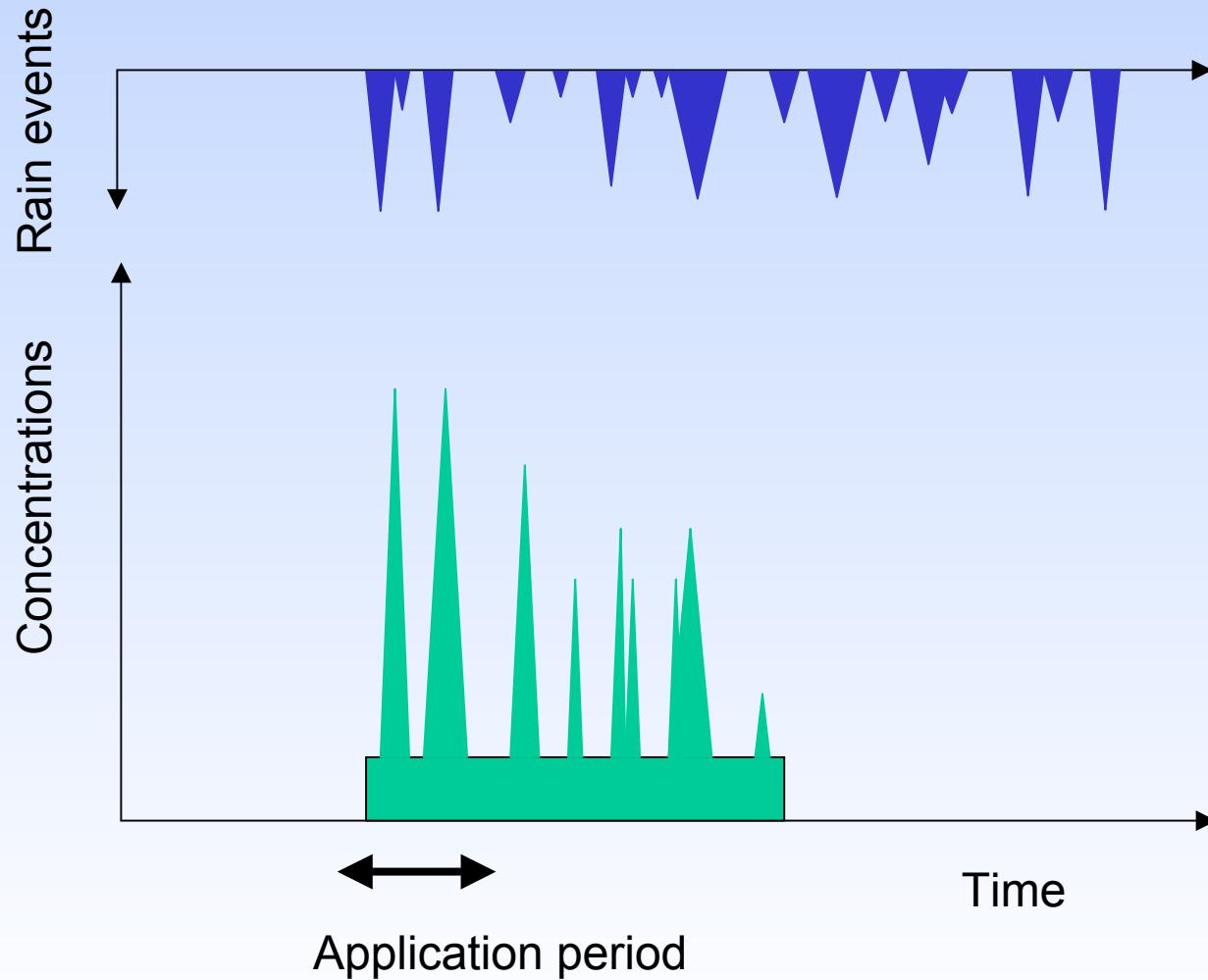
Nathalie Chèvre,
Christian Leu, Heinz Singer,
Christian Stamm, Stephan Müller, ...

Water and Agriculture
EAWAG

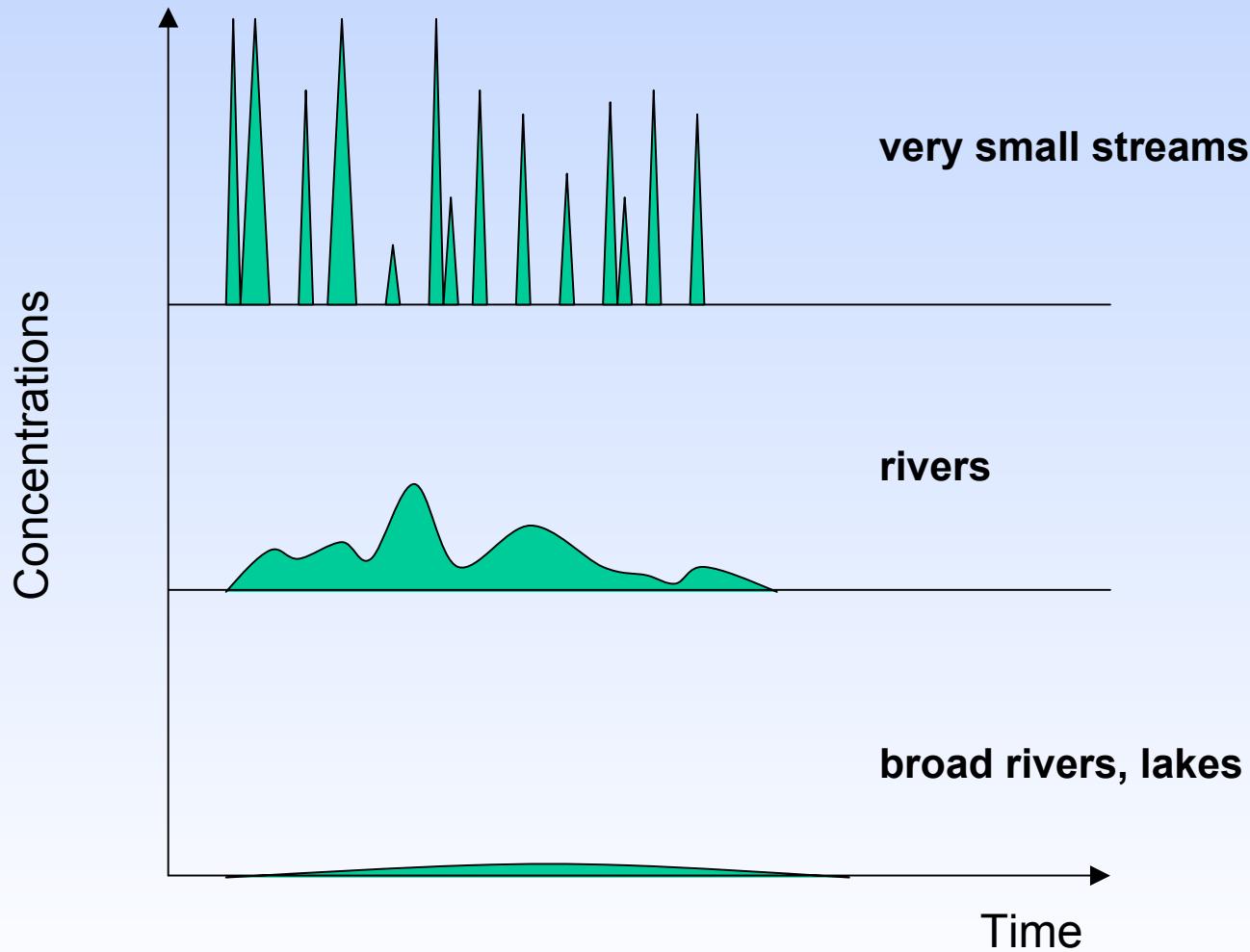
Risk assessment: PEC/PNEC



Exposure characterization: „seasonality“



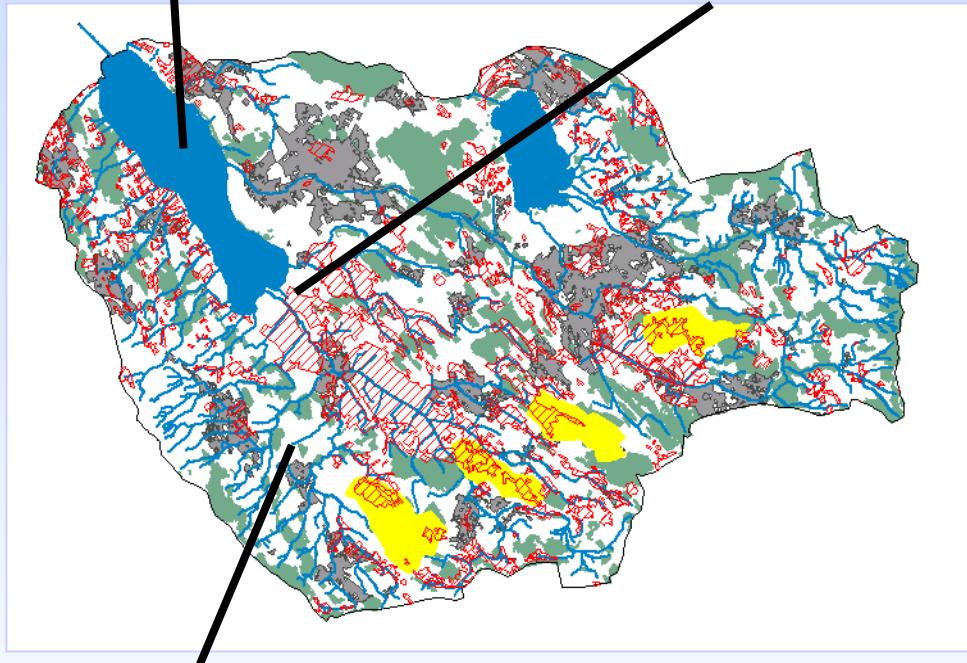
Exposure characterization: „scale“



Measurements used for risk assessment

Lake Greifensee - 160 km²

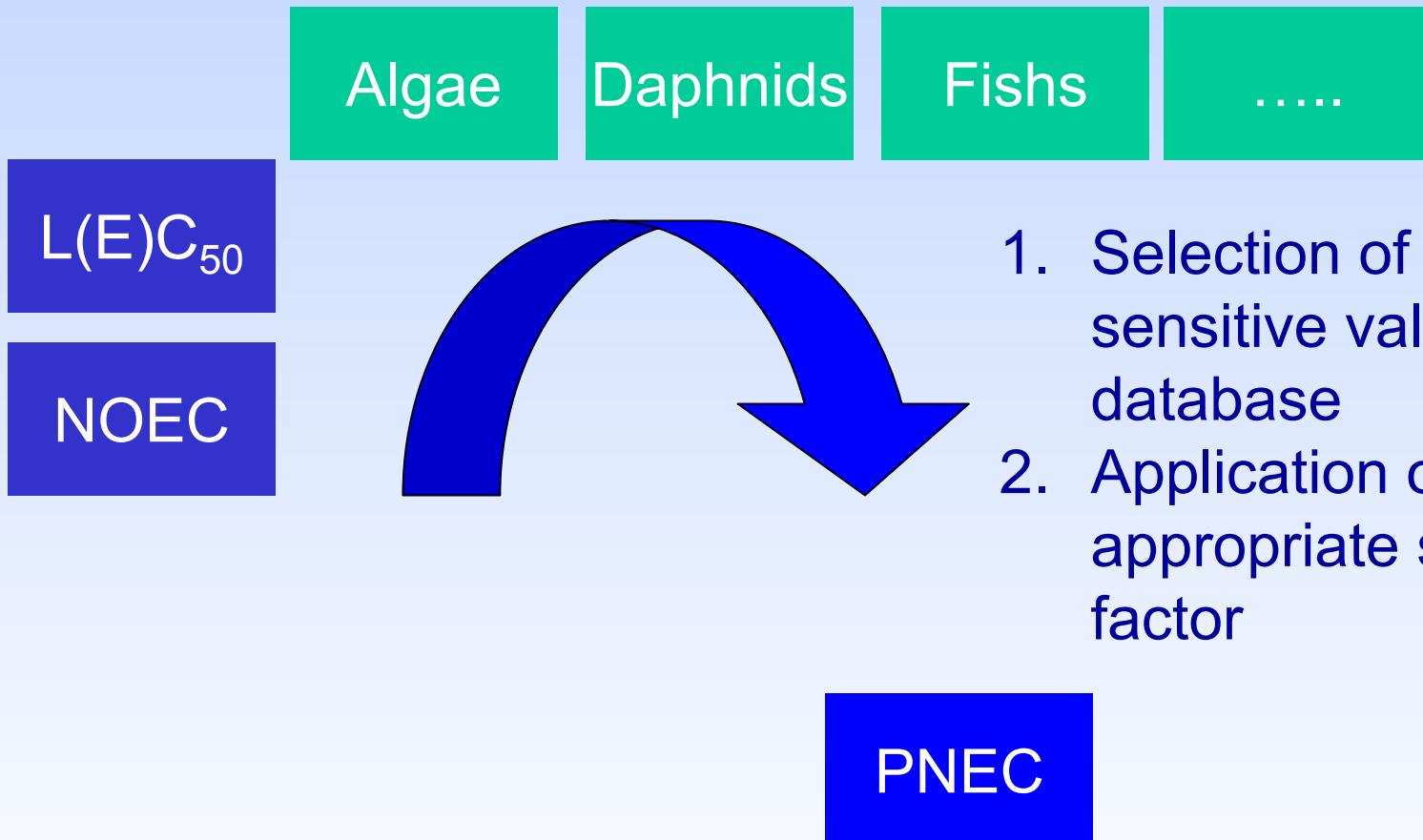
Mönchaltдорfer Aa - 46 km²

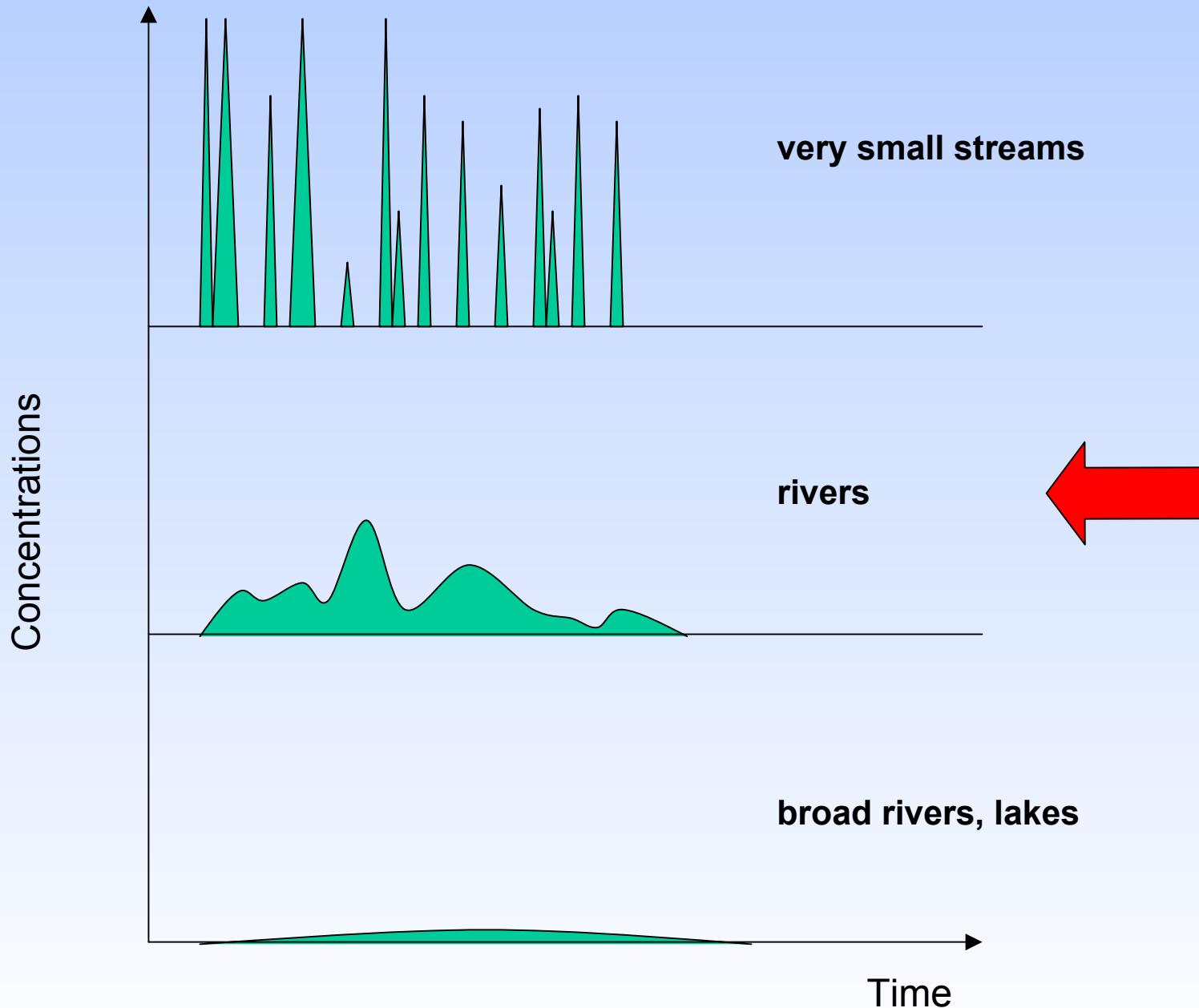


Very small streams - ~2 km²

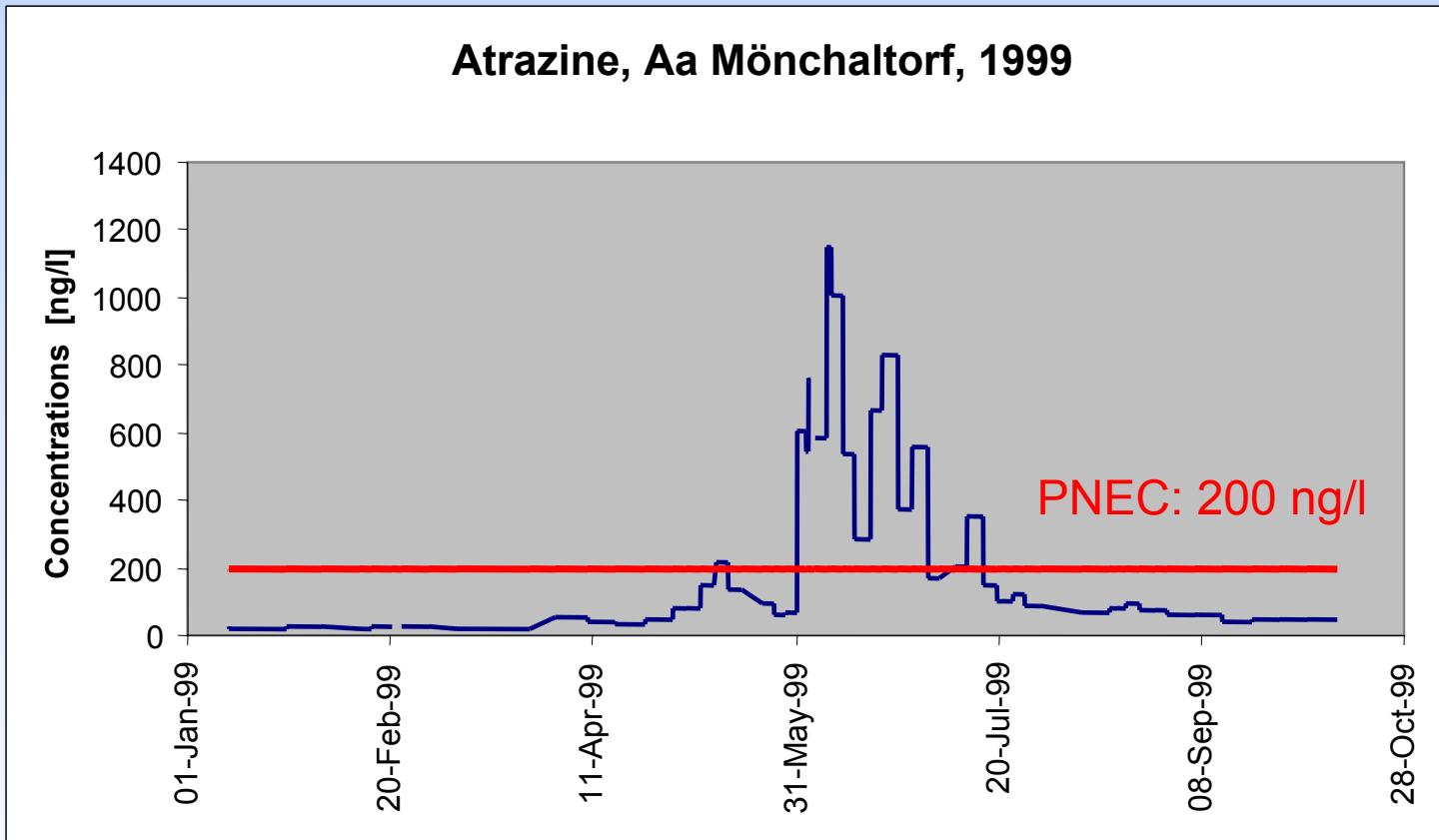
Compared with other Swiss data

PNEC determination



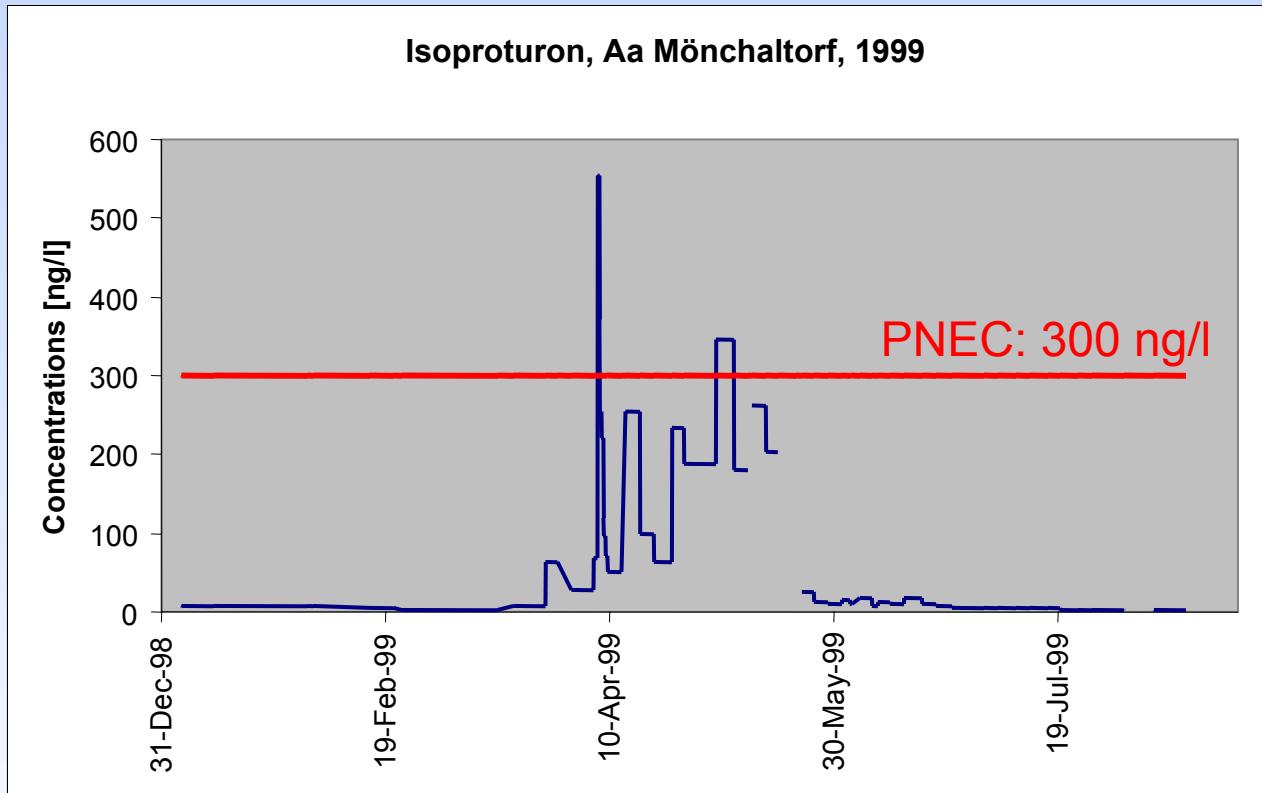


„Seasonal“ pesticides



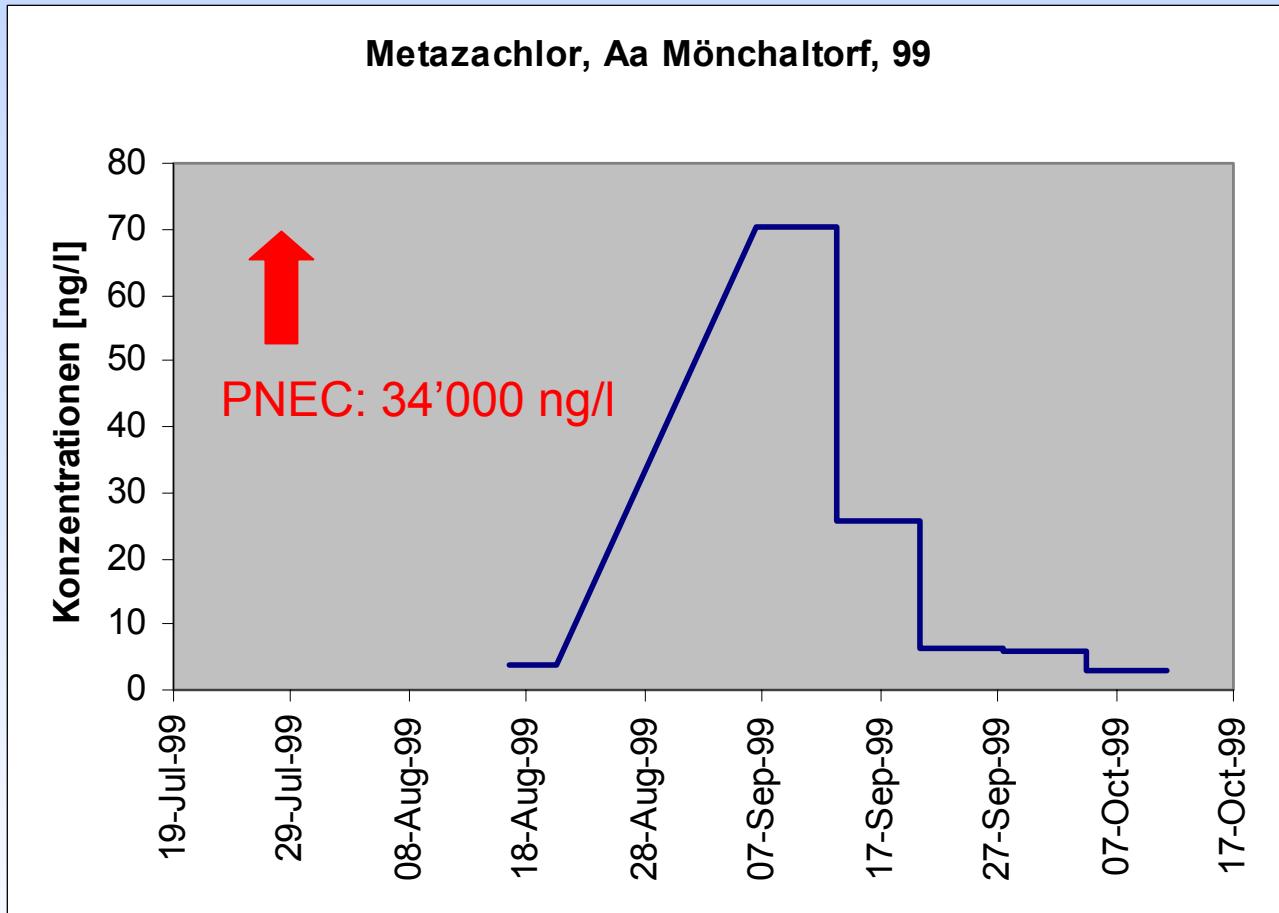
Atrazine: herbicide, corn

„Seasonal“ pesticides

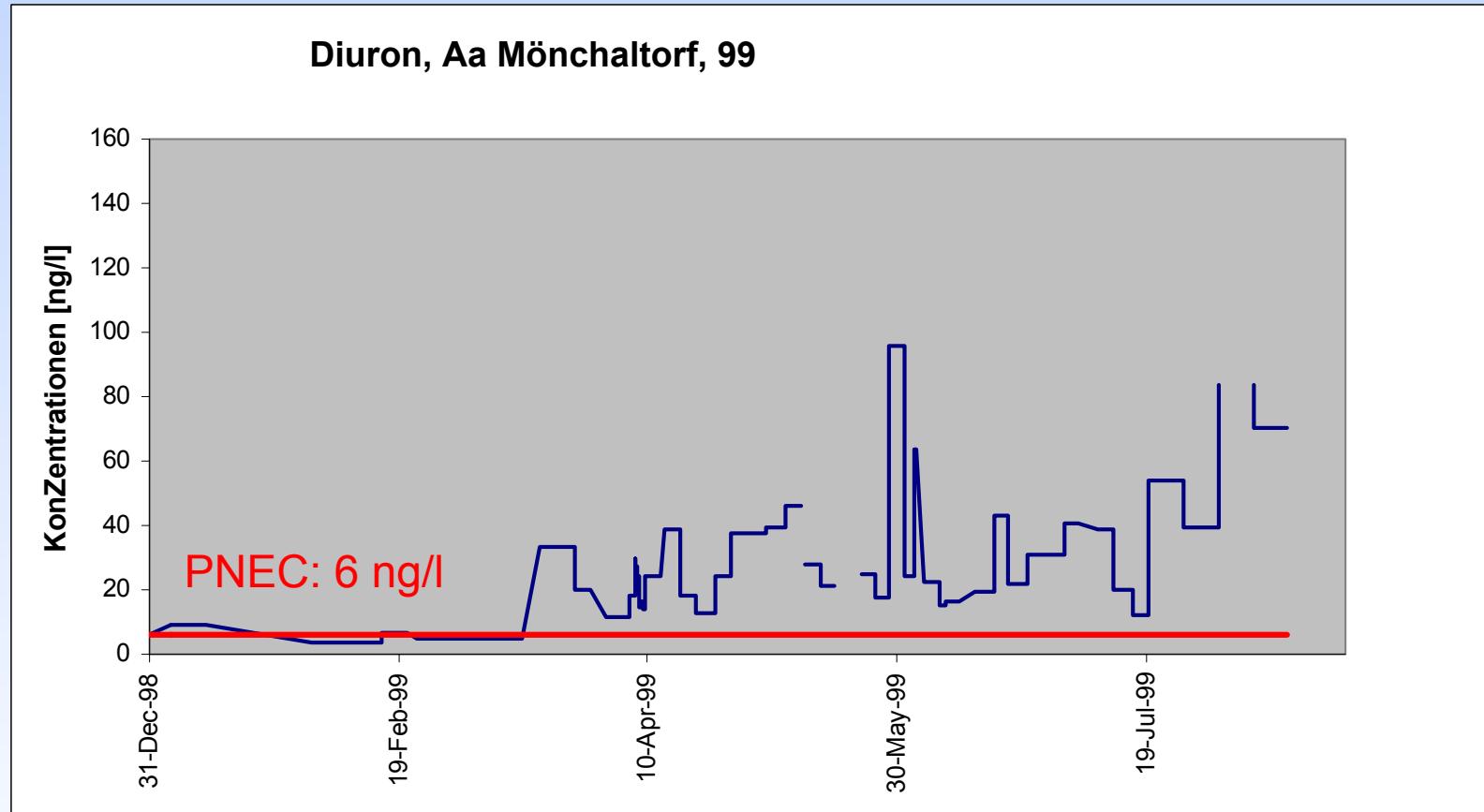


Isoproturon: herbicide, cereals

„Seasonal“ pesticides



„Non-seasonal“ pesticides

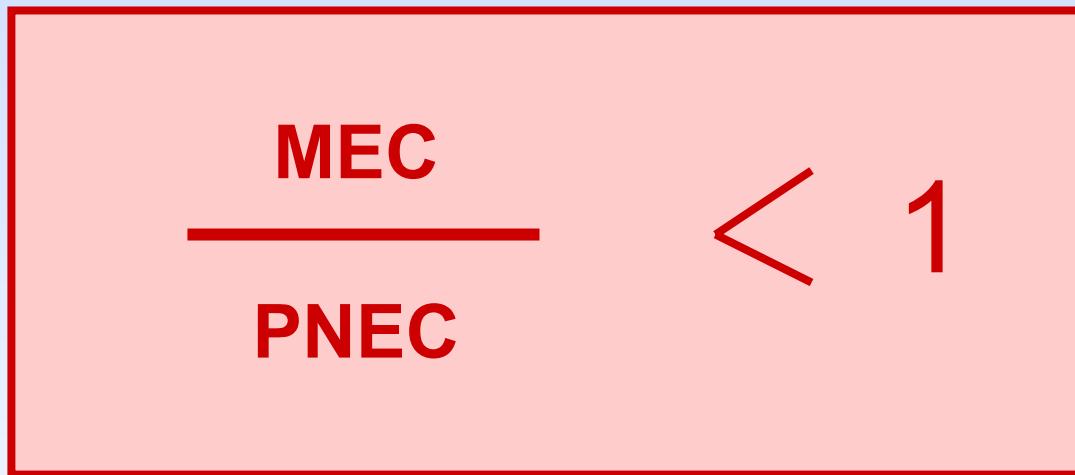


Mixtures of pesticides

- Pesticides never occur alone in surface waters but in mixtures.
- The different active ingredients of a mixture of pesticides can act “together” on organisms
- Pesticides having the same mode of action have been shown to be additive in term of concentration

Risk assessment: single substance

No risk if:



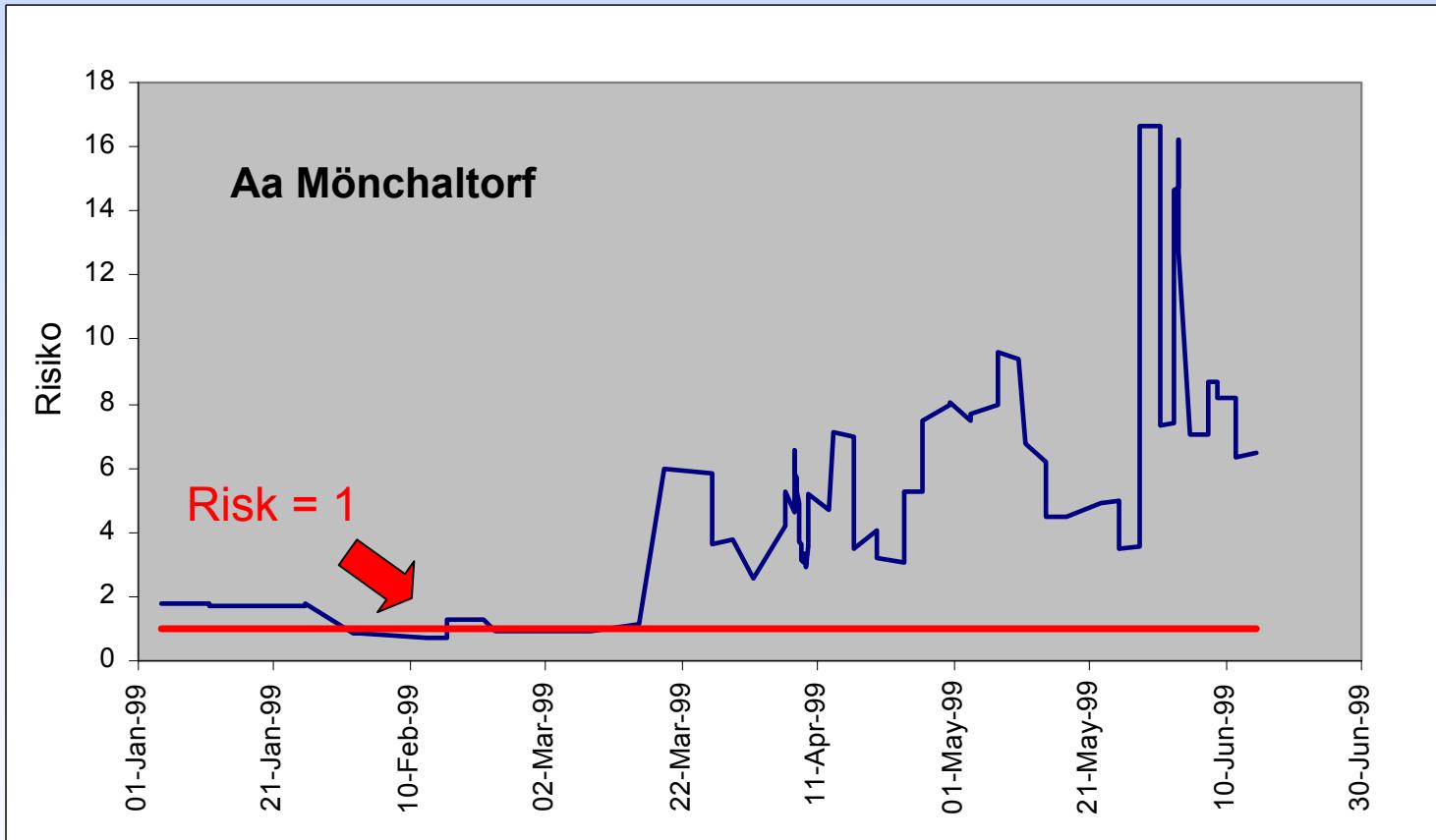
Risk assessment: mixtures, same mode of action

No risk if:

$$\frac{\text{MEC 1}}{\text{PNEC 1}} + \frac{\text{MEC 2}}{\text{PNEC 2}} + \dots + \frac{\text{MEC n}}{\text{PNEC n}} < 1$$

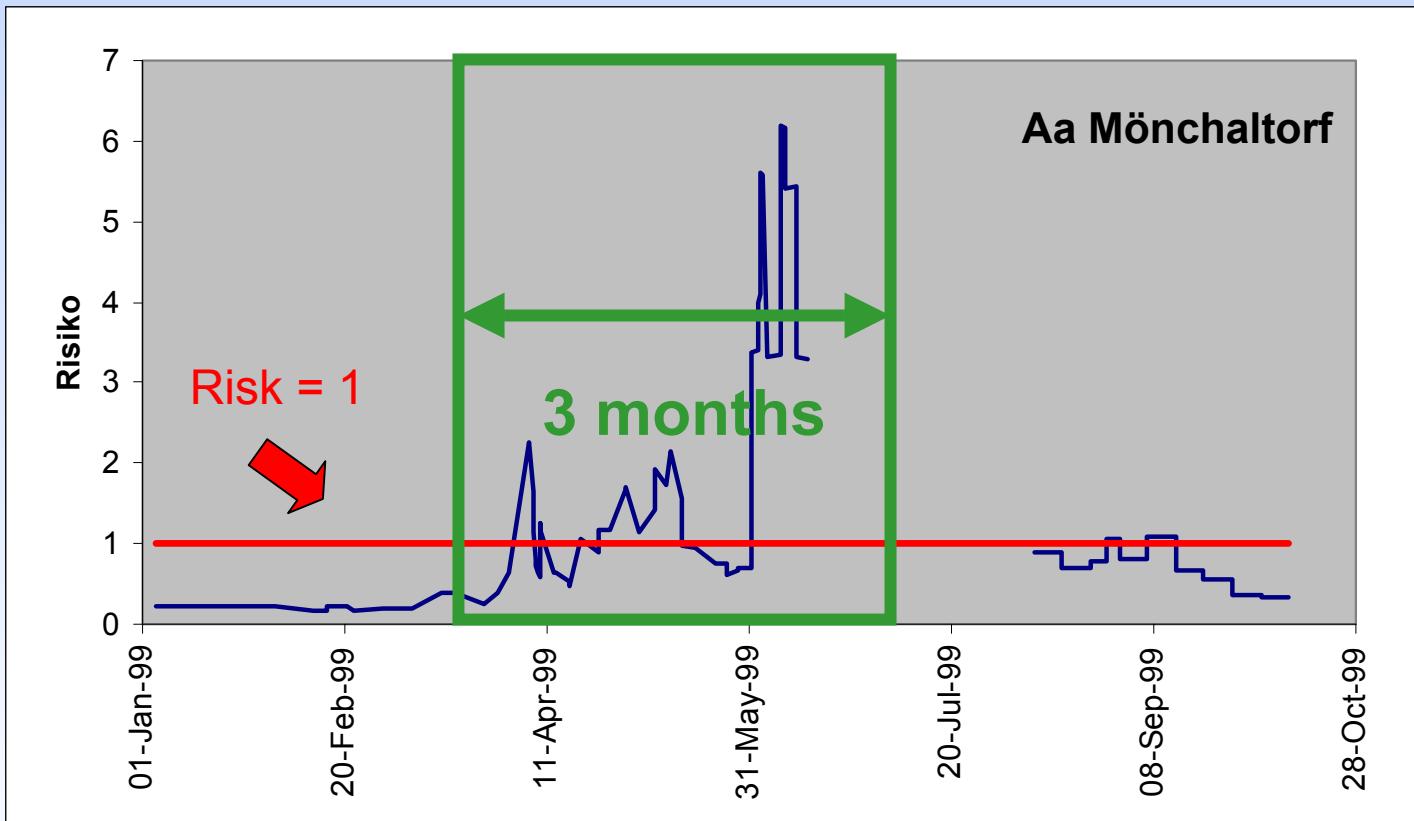
Risk assessment: mixtures

Atrazine, Isoproturon, Simazine, Terbutylazine, Diuron



Risk assessment: mixtures

Atrazine, Isoproturon, Simazine, Terbutylazine



Summary

- “Seasonal” risk for certain pesticides during and after the application period
 - Risk assessment of short-term peaks?
i.e. in small rivers
- “Constant“ risk for certain pesticides from other sources than agriculture (urban source)
- Pesticides occur in mixture in surface water and can act “together” on organisms
 - High risk in spring / early summer (herbicides)